





Importance of radiative cooling and the resulting self-consistent spectra from GRMHD simulations of accretion onto Sgr A*

Samia Drappeau¹ & Salomé Dibi¹ Jason Dexter² - P.Chris Fragile³ - Sera Markoff¹ ¹University of Amsterdam - ²UC Berkeley - ³College of Charleston

Black Hole Universe 2012 - Bamberg, June 18-22, 2012









Shcherbakov et al.









M = 4.3 ±0.5 x 10⁶ M_☉ D = 8.3 ±0.4 kpc 2x10⁻⁹ M☉/yr < M < 2x10⁻⁷ M☉/yr

Ghez et al.(2008) - Gillessen et al.(2009) Bower et al.(2005) - Marronne et al.(2007)

GRMHD

Goldston et al.(2005); Moscibrodzska et al.(2009); Dexter et al.(2009,2010); Hilburn et al.(2010); Shcherbakov et al.(2010); Shiokawa et al.(2012); Dolence et al.(2012); Dexter & Fragile (2012)



GRMHD

Goldston et al.(2005); Moscibrodzska et al.(2009); Dexter et al.(2009,2010); Hilburn et al.(2010); Shcherbakov et al.(2010); Shiokawa et al.(2012); Dolence et al.(2012); Dexter & Fragile (2012)











Video available at: <u>http://youtu.be/vmdfz070MPo</u>





Importance of radiative losses



Importance of radiative losses



Importance of radiative losses



Self-consistent SEDs

Drappeau et al.(2012) [in prep]



Emission from base of jets?



Flares or numerical artifacts?



Video available at: <u>http://youtu.be/BrRxvhXixPw</u>



Conclusions

- Radiative losses should be taken into account when $\dot{M} > 10^{-7} \dot{M}_{Edd}$ - The nature of the accretion flow and outflow is strongly dependent on the initial geometry (astro-ph.HE: 1206.3976v1)

The best fit of Sgr A* observations from our self-consistent SEDs is for:

- A low mass accretion rate of $10^{-9} M_{\odot}/yr$ - A rapid spinning black hole, $a_* = 0.9$
- A temperature ratio of $T_i/T_e = 3$
- A 4-loop magnetic field configuration